

COURT DIRECTORY.

Judge John E. Cooper presiding, Third Monday May and the Fourth Monday in November. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. Judge T. J. Scott presiding, Third Monday in September and March. SHERIFF'S COURT. Judge Lewis Apperson presiding, Tuesday after Third Monday in January, April, July and October. COUNTY COURT. Third Monday of each month. JUDGE JAMES W. GROVES presiding, First Saturday in each month.

PROFESSIONAL.

T. J. ARNETT, Attorney-at-Law, Louisville, Ky. Will practice in the Courts of Kentucky. DR. CHAS. B. DUBSON, Physician and Surgeon, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Office, Main St., over Fort & Clayton's store. Residence, corner of Clay and Mayville streets. DR. KING FORD, (of Mt. Sterling, Ky.) Represents M. A. STADLER & CO., WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS, CINCINNATI, O. C. B. ALLEN, Real Estate Agent, White Oak, Morgan Co., Ky.

A. HAZELRIGG, Attorney-at-Law & City Atty., Office, Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. JUDGE AMOS DAVIS, WITH BETTMAN BROS. & CO., Manufacturers of CLOTHING, 56 West Pearl St., Cincinnati, O. M. A. TYLER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. TYLER & APPERSON, Attorneys-at-Law, Office, Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. JAMES E. CASSIDY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, No. 5 Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Will attend promptly to any business entrusted to his care. JOHN M. ELLIOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Fizer Block, Mt. Sterling, Ky. WHITE & BROOKS, Attorneys-at-Law, Office, Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Will practice in the counties of Montgomery, Bath, Menifee, Powell, Clark and Bourbon, and in the Superior and Appellate Courts. Office in Caldwell building. W. A. DEMAYEN, Attorney-at-Law, Office, Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Practice in all Courts of the Commonwealth. E. L. STONE, W. A. SUDDETH, STONE & SUDDETH, Attorneys-at-Law, Office 3rd and Court Street, Telephone 186-Mt. Sterling, Ky. DR. D. L. PROCTOR, Dentist, Office over Mt. Sterling National Bank. G. N. COX, M. D., Office over Exchange Bank. Residence, corner High and Queen streets. J. H. HAZELRIGG, Attorney-at-Law, Office, Court Street, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Collections promptly attended to. DR. HOWARD VAN ANTWERP, Dentist, Office with Dr. Wm. Van Antwerp, Short street opposite the court house. E. H. M., Office over Queen's store with Dr. Guertant. DR. W. C. SHANKLAND, Dentist, Office, No. 5 West Main St., upstairs. W. O. CHENAULT, Attorney-at-Law & Master Commissioner, Office No. 1 Court Street, up stairs. J. S. HURT, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Fizer Block, up stairs with J. M. Elliott. Having recently removed from Owensville and located in the city of Mt. Sterling, will practice in the courts of Montgomery, Bath and adjoining counties, and in the Superior Court of Appeals and Federal Courts of Kentucky. Prompt and careful attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

GROCERIES.

J. M. ARMSTRONG, DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF Country Produce, Fresh & Cured Meats, and a general line of Staple & Fancy Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, Maple Molasses, Fancy Candies and all kinds of CANNED GOODS, Which will be sold at the lowest market prices. Fair and honest dealing is our motto. TYLER & APPERSON Bldg North of National Hotel, Mt. Sterling. J. M. ARMSTRONG, PLANING MILL. W. T. TYLER, E. F. ROBERTSON, MANAGERS.

STAR Planing Mill Co.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Rough & Dressed LUMBER, White Pine and Poplar Singles, Doors of all Sizes, Sash—Glazed and Unglazed Window and Door Frames, Moulding and Brackets of all kinds, Verandas of every Description. Star Planing Mill Company, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

COAL.

Coal Coal Coal! CALL ON CASSIDY & SMITH —For all kinds of— KENTUCKY AND VIRGINIA COAL. * Cheap! * Aug. 13-14

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. I. F. TABB - S. W. GAITSKILL. Tabb & Gaitskill, STORAGE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS * AND DEALERS IN * GRAIN, SEED AND FEED. TO THE TOBACCO GROWERS OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY. We are prepared to prize and ship your tobaccos. Also will make liberal cash advances on same.

Honest dealings and fair prices in all we buy and sell. TABB & GAITSKILL, OFFICE AND SALESROOM, 25 S. MAYVILLE ST. WAREHOUSE, Locust & Wilson Sts. GROCERIES. BEAR IN MIND THE FACT THAT C. F. Keesee & Co. —Handle none but the Choicest— FRESH MEATS, Poultry & Vegetables. They also handle a full line of Staple Groceries. All of which they will sell at the lowest living prices. COAL. All Kinds of Virginia and Kentucky Coal. Also Blacksmith and Anthracite Coal. All Coal sold 72 lbs. per bushel. Highest cash price paid for Wheat. Also, Wheat, Corn, Oats and Hay, wholesale and retail.

INSURANCE. * J. O. MILLER * (SUCCESSOR TO) * Miller & Wilson, * INSURANCE. AND Real Estate. LOWEST RATES, CHOICEST COMPARISON, PROMPT SETTLEMENTS. * Of Any And All Agencies. *

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE	TECH.	NON-TECH.
One Year 12 insertions	\$10.00	\$5.00
Six Months 24 insertions	\$5.00	\$2.50
Three Months 36 insertions	\$3.00	\$1.50
Two Months 48 insertions	\$2.00	\$1.00
One Month 60 insertions	\$1.50	.75
Three Months 12 insertions	\$1.00	.50
Two Months 18 insertions	.75	.37
One Month 24 insertions	.50	.25
Three Months 3 insertions	.25	.12
Two Months 4 insertions	.18	.09
Single Insertion	.12	.06

AUCTIONEERS.

J. W. RICE, AUCTIONEER. Offers his services as public officer to the people of Montgomery, Clark and neighboring counties. Will attend all sales of Personal Property and Real Estate. Terms reasonable. Address at Antwerp's office, Mt. Sterling, or at Indian Fields, Clark county, Ky. 12-17. JACK STEWART, AUCTIONEER, Lexington, Ky. Prompt attention given to all sales entrusted to his care. Leave orders at this office, or address him care of Clarendon Hotel, Lexington, Ky. 12-17. W. H. FLETCHER, AUCTIONEER, MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY. Offers his services to the people of Montgomery and adjoining counties. Prompt attention given to all sales of Personal Property and Real Estate. Terms reasonable. 24-17.

J. A. RAMSEY, AUCTIONEER, Winchester, Ky. Offers his services to the people of Montgomery and adjoining counties. Prompt attention given on application. Charges reasonable. Will be in Mt. Sterling on Court days. 24-17. LUMBER, ICE, ETC. Josiah Lindsay, AGENT ON C. & O. RAILROAD, west of depot, Mt. Sterling, Ky. Manufacturer and dealer in Tobacco, Hops, Lumber and Lake Ice. We make our business, which is booming, by doing the best work and offering Rough Lumber at special prices which are never met. We also do custom sawing. 6-24. MEDICAL. Do Not Suffer Any Longer. Knowing that a cough can be checked in a day, and the first stages of consumption broken in a week, we hereby guarantee Dr. Acker's English Cough Remedy, and will refund the money to all who buy, take it as per directions, and do not find our statement correct. T. G. JULIAN. Whittely (to small boy) "Here, sonny if you'll collect me a lot of insects I'll give you a quarter." Small Boy—"Insects! What do you want 'em for?" Whittely—"I want to put them on my wife's plants. She won't let me smoke in the house except to kill insects on the plants."—(West Shore. Can't Sleep Nights. Is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Dr. Acker's English Remedy? It is the preparation known for all Lung Troubles. Sold on a positive guarantee at 25c and 50c. T. G. Julian, druggist. Architect (displaying the plane)—"Here is the front elevation, with the outside window and circular gallery; this is the east elevation, showing oriel tower." Teddy (enormously interested in the new house)—"And where are the two mortgages pa said he was going to put on?"—(Munsey's Weekly. Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. S. Lloyd. Home and Farm—a pure linseed oil paint—no water, no benzine, no chemicals, no short measure. 33-12c. R. C. Lloyd, Agt.

Defining his Disease.—Mr. Johnson—"What's the matter with you, Abram? When first came with me you seemed to like work; now you seem to shirk it all the time." Abe—"Yo' tuk notice of dat, has yo? Well, yo' see, boss, I done got 'w'at dey calls de wuk dyspepsy."

Mr. J.—Work dyspepsy? Never heard of such a thing." Abe—"I kyan' he'p dat, sah! Hii's one er dem new 'seases de doctors is busy 'soverin' all de time. De diagnosisstrum am 'bout de same as de or'nary 'dyspepsy. You know, in kin' er complain we'n de digesterum gets out er gear de v'ry ting dat 'grets generally de bes' wid a man am de ting dat rattles him de mos' an' dat's de way wid dis wuk dyspepsy; don' make no diffience how much stum-muck a man got fo' wuk, we'n dat 'sease lobbys on 'im, he kyan' 'wires' it."—(Boston Courier. A Safe Investment. Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore. Oleomargarine and the Law. The new law of Massachusetts relating to the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and other forms of imitation butter is very strict in its provisions, and if properly enforced will be a great aid to the dairy interests of that State. Oleomargarine can be made and sold, but it must be put up in such form that the customer can at once see its real character. The use of any coloring matter which will make it resemble butter in appearance is strictly prohibited. Violations of the provisions noted are to be punished by a fine of from one hundred to five hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the house of correction for a period of not more than one year. Inspectors of milk are authorized to enter complaints when they have reason to believe that the law has been violated and to cause analysis to be made of suspected butter. The new law is to come into force on the first of next September.—(Am. Dairyman. Is Life Worth Living? Not if you go through the world a dyspeptic. Dr. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets are a positive cure for the worst forms of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency and Constipation. Guaranteed and sold by T. G. Julian, druggist. Infelicitous Quotations—"How good of you to come, doctor. I didn't expect you this morning." "No; but I was called to your opposite neighbor, poor Mrs. Brown, and I thought I might as well kill two birds with one stone."—(Punch. A Duty to Yourself. It is surprising that people will use a common ordinary pill when they can secure a valuable English one for the same money. Dr. Acker's English Pills are a positive cure for sick headache and all liver troubles. They are small, sweet, easily taken and do not gripe. T. G. Julian, druggist. Miss Terriut—"When mommer and I were in Yufurp, oh, the awfulest thing happened! There was a prince—and a count—and they fought a duel—about poor me—with pistols." Yabaley—"Ah! were they loaded?" Miss Terriut—"No, they weren't! They were just as sober as could be."—(Indianapolis Journal. Waiter—"A guest has ordered frogs' legs on toast, and we have none left. What shall I say to him?" Proprietor—"Tell him that we have some, but that you wouldn't care to offer them to him. That will give him the impression that you wish to serve him well, and at the same time it will keep up the reputation of the house."—(Puck. Merit Wins. We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. W. S. Lloyd, druggist.

THE HOUSEHOLD.

INDIAN PUDDING.—A pint of boiling milk, half a cupful of meal, a cracker, an egg, two-thirds of a cupful of molasses. Add a pint of cold milk.

CLEAR SAUCE.—Clear sauce is made by putting into a saucepan 1 gill of sugar, 1 thin slice of the yellow rind of a lemon, a slight grating of nutmeg and a gill and a half of hot water, and boiling gently for ten minutes. —(Good Housekeeping.

FRUIT CAKE.—This receipt makes perfectly delicious cake, and it will keep indefinitely. One pound of butter, 1 of brown sugar, citron, and of browned flour, 4 pounds of currants and of raisins, 2 pounds of figs, 2 of blanched almonds, 12 eggs, 1 large or two small oranges, 1 tablespoonful each of cinnamon, lemon-peel (chopped fine), and allspice, 1 nutmeg, 1 teaspoonful each of cloves and of mace, 1 teaspoonful soda.

CRULLERS.—One cup of milk, 2 cups of sugar, 1 tablespoonful of melted lard or butter, a little salt if lard is used, 1 nutmeg grated, 1 teaspoonful soda, 2 teaspoonfuls cream tartar and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar, 3 cups of flour. Handle as little as possible when mixed and ready to roll out. These are children's crullers, good for school lunches, and warranted non-dyspeptic.—(The Domestic Monthly.

BROILED OYSTERS, BREADED.—Have ready a cupful of fine dry bread crumbs seasoning with salt and pepper. Dip each oyster into melted butter, then roll in the crumbs and broil in a double broiler, turning frequently. Melt 1 tablespoonful of butter, add a tablespoonful of tomato catsup, and when the oysters have been removed to a hot dish pour this dressing over them. Garnish with water cress or curled parsley.

CREAM CAKE.—Three eggs, white and yolks: beat separately, then beat together; add two-thirds of a cup of sugar, and beat again; 3 tablespoonfuls sweet cream and milk, 1 heaping teaspoonful baking powder, 1 1/2 cups of flour. Bake in three layers, in moderate oven. Filling.—One-half bowl of thick, sweet cream, whip till it is stiff, sweeten and flavor to taste; place between the layers, and cover cake when cool. Keep in a cool place.

BROILED CHICKEN.—To broil a young chicken: Prepare a little melted butter in a heated platter. Dip the chicken, when properly dressed, in the butter. Drain and lay in the broiler, over hot coals. Remove from time to time and dip into, or baste with the butter. When an even brown all over, take from the broiler, add a sprinkle of pepper and salt to the butter left on the platter, and pour over. Any kind of bird can be broiled in this way.—(The Household.

POTATO CAKE.—Half a pound of mealy boiled potatoes, mash smoothly, and add 3 ounces of flour, a little butter, and as much sweet milk as will serve to make a firm dough that can be rolled out smooth; before rolling mix an egg and 1/2 teaspoonful of baking powder, a little salt and pepper with the dough. Roll out on the kneading-board and cut in square and cut in square pieces. Butter a frying-pan and brown the cakes delicately. Pile on a hot plate, and bring, steaming, to the table.—(The Home-Maker.

BUTTER CUPS.—Boil hard, 12 fresh eggs. Peel, cut in halves, remove the yolks, cut off the tip of each piece and set them in a pretty looking dish. Rub the yolks smooth with 1 heaping tablespoonful of butter, small teaspoonful of mustard, salt, pepper, 1 teaspoonful of finely minced cold meat, a tiny bit of onion if desired, 2 tablespoonfuls of bread crumbs, gravy to moisten it. Mix thoroughly, roll into balls size of each egg yolk and put one in each half. Pour over the whole a teaspoonful of chicken gravy, put bits of butter in and sprinkle lightly with cracker dust. Bake a few minutes until nicely browned. Serve with cold meats.—Cottage Hearth.

CRUMBED LAMB CUTLETS.—Have 3 slices, about half an inch thick, cut from a leg of lamb. Mix well in a cup 2 tablespoonfuls of lemon juice, half a teaspoonful of onion juice, half a teaspoonful of salt, one-eighth of a teaspoonful of pepper, and 2 tablespoonfuls of salad oil, and rub the mixture over the slices of lamb. Cover the dish in which the meat lies, and put it away for an hour. When ready to cook the cutlets, spread them lightly with melted butter, and dip them in fine bread crumbs. Cook in a double-boiler over a moderate fire for 8 minutes. Serve hot, with asparagus sauce, or any delicate sauce. They are delectable even without any accompaniment.—(Parlo's Kitchen Companion.

Strawberry Culture.

A correspondent of the Country Gentleman writes: Some writers on strawberry culture seem to convey the idea that to be profitable, new beds must be planted every year. This may be the case in field culture on a large scale. But to many it is, discouraging to think the ground must be occupied, and carefully cultivated for two seasons to get one crop only. My experience of many years on a small scale is the reverse, and I cannot see why the area could not be increased with the same result.

Any good, fertile soil can be well manured, plowed and harrowed in the spring, and planted with extra early potatoes or peas, which can be got off by the last of July. Without any additional manure, the ground can be plowed, harrowed, leveled and planted during the first two weeks in August, with strong, stocky strawberry plants, 16 inches apart, in rows 28 inches apart, with 33 inches between every fourth row for a path for picking. These plants, if properly set out, kept free from weeds and all runners cut, will yield a good paying crop in June; and with a favorable season and the weeds kept down, a paying crop may be got the third season, but the berries will be smaller.

In order to get strong plants, place four or five of the first runners from each one-year-old plant, and lay a small stone on the vine to keep it in place until rooted. Keep all other runners cut off. The plants will be ready to set out the first week in August. They will be better than any that can be bought, and will give as good a crop in June as the much advertised pot-bound, pot-grown plants.

By using a steel-tined prong hoe between the rows and plants, as often as necessary, they can be kept free from weeds as easily as a crop of any vegetable grown in rows. A good coat of fine horse manure should be scattered between the plants just before frost, and the whole bed covered very lightly with evergreen boughs, leaves or brush, or cornstalks, after ground is frozen.

As my plants get to be 12 to 15 inches in diameter before the fruit is ripe, I do not find it necessary to mulch them; the plants nearly covering the ground. Crescent Seedling, with a few Sharples to fertilize them, has proved the best with me. Any variety of feeble growth and unable to suburn will do as well in single rows. I can get more quarts of good berries with less labor from the same area of single plants than by the matted row system. If a bed gets foul with grass and weeds, it is easier to plant a new one than to weed it out. To insure a good supply of fruit every year, one or more new beds should be set out each August. Beginners having no plants to propagate from, must buy a few good plants and set them out early in the spring. With good care, and allowing no fruit to form, or more than one-half the runners to take root, the rest being cut off, a supply of plants will be ready to set in August.

Necessity For Salt.

It is necessary for the good health and growth of animals that salt should be placed where they can get at it as desired. Then they will take it just as often and in the quantity nature requires at each time. If salt is given to animals only once or twice per week, we do not know how to gauge the quantity necessary for each; and they are so greedy for it, they often take an excess, doing themselves, thereby, perhaps, more harm than good. Those living near seawater find it an excellent thing to wash the feet and legs of their horses in it in summer. It has also been asserted that strains in the sinews of the back, sprains, curbs, and some other ailments, are cured by making the horse stand in sea-water several hours a day in succession. Those who do not reside near the ocean can make up a mild brine and bathe their horses with it. This might answer a good purpose, but of course it would not be so effectual as to have the diseased parts of the animals completely immersed, as they could be on the borders of the ocean.—(Portland Ore.) Rural Spirit.

Eighty thousand persons are on the verge of starvation in Berlin. In the western part of the United States grain is lying useless in barns, and men are going out of the cattle business, because the transportation of these food products costs more than the prices they bring. Meantime the railroads are not getting rich, but are nearly all heavily embarrassed financially. There is awful mismanagement somewhere.—(Ex.

NEW Furniture Store!

I have added to my other business a complete line of Furniture, and I can afford to sell you more furniture for less money than any firm in the city, for there will be no more expense in conducting this department than the balance of my store. My furniture room is on the second floor of the building I now occupy.

2,000 PAIRS OF SOCKS! To be sold at 3 pairs for 25c., worth 15c. a pair anywhere. This is a big job at that money, so don't fail to get a pair before they are all gone.

3,000 PAIRS OF HOSE! Every pair of them a job, and the nicest line ever brought to this city. If you want a pair don't fail to see them; from 5c. to 75c. a pair.

THE COST MARK WINS!

Our entire line of Winter Underwear and Woolen Hose. It will save you money to buy for next winter's use, as you can get them at cost prices.

BARGAINS IN CROCKERY! We have the best bargains in this line we have ever shown. Just think of Meat Plates 5c. and 10c., Plates 3c., and 4c. for 10c., and everything else to correspond.

WIRE! WIRE! WIRE! WIRE! We will sell you more Wire for less money than any firm in town, and don't buy until you have seen us, or you will lose.

STOVES! STOVES!

Our line is complete, and at prices that will make them go. So when you want to fit yourselves out for housekeeping do not forget that we keep Window Blinds at 38c., all complete, with spring fixtures. Poles at 25c. each, 4 boxes Matches for 5c., 4 boxes Tacks for 5c., etc. Everything to correspond, and on a bill we will save you dollars. Now don't forget the place, for they all go to

Enoch's Bargain House,

Reese Bldg., Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Why Gold Goes.

In regard to gold exports, a New York paper says: "The fear of higher rates for money, both here and in London, was probably the most legitimate of the various reasons given for the downward reaction in the stock market, though even this is liable to some degree of misapprehension. The gold shipped from here is supposed to represent bankers' balances, which have been loaned on call, say on the Stock Exchange, and it is presumed that the calling of this and the purchase of gold decreases the supply of money on the call loan market. To some extent this is true, but not always. Inquiry shows that the bankers who are exporting the gold immediately sell bills of exchange against it, and the fact that they had buyers among the importing merchants for all the bills made against gold shipments shows that the money is, after all, going to pay the balance of the trade against us. The fact that this gold is shipped on orders from bankers in Europe shows, for some reason, not yet fully explained, they are strengthening themselves with gold coin; but the additional fact that the European bankers, especially in Berlin, have, within a few days, countermanded several orders for the export of gold from here as soon as they found the exchange rates were weakening enough to prevent the sale of the bills in this market at a rate to insure them against loss on the gold shipment, shows that they do not want the gold badly enough to pay very much of a premium for it, and the broad fact still remains that we owe, or it would not get on. It is also probable that we do not owe it for sales of any large amounts of American securities, because, in April, May and June, of 1889, when Europe was buying our securities very freely, we exported nearly \$33,000,000 of gold in excess of the imports.

Major—"I think, Uncle Eph, it's high time for you to haul in your horns—that is, stop drinking. I'll kill you, sure."

Uncle Eph—"Majah, I feared I been too long at it an' can't stop."

Major—"Eph, it's never too late to mend."

Uncle Eph (after a long s' thinking)—"Ef dat's so, majah, guess I'll keep on a little while longer."